Acronym	Wordy Mc words	What is it?
		Thats US! Salt Lake County Youth Services Youth Action Board (YAB)
		is a youth-driven Board, unified in preventing and ending youth
		homelessness. The YAB mission is to advocate, empower, and elevate
		youth voices within the CoC and Salt Lake County (SLCo), with an
		emphasis on bringing about change and creating avenues for
		partnership and collaboration. In support of its mission, the YAB
		purpose is to provide youth perspective, voice, and expertise to the
YAB	Youth Action Board	CoC and extended SLCo community.
		The Youth Action Board brings youth perspectives and expertise to
		Salt Lake County Youth Services to promote continuous quality
		improvement. The Youth Action Board is composed of 5-7 members.
		You can meet the current Youth Action Board members and learn
		more the current board. Each member is approved by sitting
		members and must be between the ages of 16-24 years of age.
		The CoC Program is designed to promote communitywide
		commitment to the goal of ending homelessness by providing
CoC	Continuum of Care	funding for efforts by nonprofit providers and State and local
		governments and promoting access to and effect utilization of
		mainstream programs by homeless individuals and families. The Juvenile Receiving Center is a 24/7 facility that provides free crisis
		counseling, referrals to community agencies, and short-term
		placement for youth ages 8 to 17. Youth under the age of 10 are
		unable to stay overnight.
		driable to stay overnight.
JRC	Juvenile Receiving Center	Youth may come to the facility on their own or parents may bring
		youth in for individual or family crisis counseling. Law enforcement
		may bring in youth who have committed a status offense or
		delinquent act that does not meet Detention Admission Guidelines.
		This may include running away from home, truancy, substance
		abuse, curfew violation or acting beyond the control of the youth's

		The Youth Homelessness Demonstration Program (YHDP) is an
		initiative designed to reduce the number of youth experiencing
		homelessness. The goal of the YHDP is to support selected
		communities, including rural, suburban, and urban areas across the
YHDP	Youth Homelessness Demonstration Program	United States, in the development and implementation of a
		coordinated community approach to preventing and ending youth
		homelessness. Additionally, HUD is committed to sharing the
		experience of YHDP communities and mobilizing communities
		around the country toward the same end. (It's the 2.7 MILLION dollar
		HUD Definition: Category 1- Literal Homelessness
		Individuals and families who live in a place not meant for human
		habitation (including the streets or in their car), emergency shelter,
		transitional housing, and hotels paid. for by a government or
		charitable organization.
		Category 2- Imminent Risk of Homelessness
		Individuals or families who will lose their primary nighttime residence
YEH	Youth Experiencing Homelessness	within 14 days and has no other resources or support networks to
		obtain other permanent housing.
		Category 3- Homeless Under Other Statutes
		Unaccompanied youth under 25 years of age, or families with
		children and youth, who do not meet any of the other categories but
		are homeless under other federal statutes, have not had a lease and
		have moved 2 or more times in the past 60 days and are likely to
		remain unstable because of special needs or barriers.
		Volunteers of America, Utah's Youth Resource Center is a drop-in
		resource center and emergency shelter for all youth aged 15—22
		imminently at-risk of or experiencing homelessness. We provide
YRC	Youth Resource Center (VOA)	essential basic need items, such as three hot meals a day, pantry
		food, showers, laundry, life-skills groups, housing and employment
		case management, dental and medical care assistance, as well as
		access to mental health services on-site. From 7:30 pm to 8:30 am the
YYA	Youth & Young Adult	Young people ages 14-26 ISH
BIPOC	Black, Indigenous, People of Color	
LGBTQ2S+	Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender, 2 Spirit +	

VOA	Volunteers of America	Shelters provide year-round support for individuals living on the street through emergency shelters, meals, basic need items, education assistance, employment services, legal help, housing assistance and physical and mental health services.
SLVCEH	Salt Lake Valley Coalition to End Homelessness	The Salt Lake Valley Coalition to End Homelessness's goal is to create a strong and effective homelessness structure that supports a community-wide commitment to ending homelessness, unites communities, and service providers in profoundly new ways, optimizes self-sufficiency among those experiencing homelessness, and more.
		The Office of Homelessness and Criminal Justice Reform (OHCJR) provides administrative support for the coalition which fulfills the role The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)
HUD	US Department of Housing & Urban Development	administers programs that provide housing and community development assistance. The Department also works to ensure fair and equal housing opportunity for all.
OHS	Office of Homeless Services	The Office of Homeless Services (OHS) offers funding, coordination, and program support to service programs throughout the state of Utah. OHS does not directly provide services or funding to individuals
VI-SPDAT	Vulnerability Index- service prioritization Decision Assistance Tool	The Vulnerability Index – Service Prioritization Decision Assistance Tool (VI-SPDAT) was developed as a pre-screening tool for communities that are very busy and do not have the resources to conduct a full SPDAT assessment for every client. It was made in collaboration with Community Solutions, creators of the Vulnerability Index, as a brief survey that can be conducted to quickly determine whether a client has high, moderate, or low acuity. The use of this survey can help prioritize which clients should be given a full SPDAT assessment first. Because it is a self-reported survey, no special training is required to use the VI-SPDAT.

		HMIS is a local information technology system used to collect client-
		level data and data on the provision of housing and services to
HMIS	Homelessness Management Information System	individuals and families at risk of and experiencing homelessness.
		Each CoC is responsible for selecting an HMIS software solution that
		complies with HUD's data collection, management, and reporting
HHS	US Department of Health & Human Services	
HCV	Housing Choice Vouchers	
		The Foster Youth to Independence (FYI) initiative makes Housing
		Choice Voucher (HCV) assistance available to Public Housing
		Agencies (PHAs) in partnership with Public Child Welfare Agencies
		(PCWAs). Under FYI, PHAs provide housing assistance on behalf of:
		Youth at least 18 years and not more than 24 years of age (have not
		reached their 25th birthday) who left foster care, or will leave foster
		care within 90 days, in accordance with a transition plan described in
FYI	Foster Youth to Independence (Housing Voucher)	Section 475(5)(H) of the Social Security Act, and are homeless or are at
		risk of becoming homeless at age 16 or older.
		As required by statute, an FYI voucher issued to such a youth may
		only be used to provide housing assistance for the youth for a
		maximum of 36 months unless the youth meets the requirements to
		receive an extension of assistance under the Fostering Stable
		Housing Opportunities (FSHO) amendments. FSHO provides an FYI
		A foster youth is a child or young person who is in foster care, while a
FY/FFY	Foster Youth/ Former Foster Youth	former foster youth is a former minor or non-minor dependent who
		was in foster care
		FUP provides Housing Choice Vouchers (HCVs) to two different
		populations: (1) Families for whom the lack of adequate housing is a
		primary factor in the imminent placement of the family's child or
		children in out-of-home care or in the delay of the discharge of the
FUP	Family Unification Program (Housing Voucher)	child or children to the family from out-of-home care ("FUP families"),
		and (2) eligible youth who are at least 18 years of age and not more
		than 24 years of age who have left foster care, or will leave foster care
		within 90 days, in accordance with a transition plan described in
		section 475(5)(H) of the Social Security Act, and are homeless or at
		risk of becoming homeless at age 16 or older ("FUP youth").

		(Milestone is a TLP) Transitional Living Program (TLP) for Older
		Homeless Youth supports projects that provide long-term residential
		services to homeless youth. Young people must be between the ages
		of 16 and 22 to enter the program.
		Living accommodations may include:
		Host-family homes
TLP	Transitional Living Program	Group homes or maternity group homes
		Supervised apartments owned by the program or rented in the
		community
		TLPs offer or refer for the following services:
		Safe, stable living accommodations
		Basic life skills building, including consumer education, budgeting,
		housekeeping, food preparation and parenting skills
		Educational opportunities. such as GED preparation. post-secondary Trauma-informed care (TIC) is an approach to healthcare, social
TIC	Trauma Informed Care	services, and other systems that recognizes the widespread impact of
		trauma and takes steps to prevent re-traumatization and promote
		Transitional Housing (TH) provides temporary housing with
		supportive services to individuals and families experiencing
		homelessness with the goal of interim stability and support to
		successfully move to and maintain permanent housing. TH projects
		can cover housing costs and accompanying supportive services for
		program participants for up to 24 months.
TH	Transitional Housing	
		Participants in a TH project must have a signed lease, sublease, or
		occupancy agreement with the following requirements:
		An initial term of at least one month
		Automatically renewable upon expiration, except by prior notice by
		either party
		A maximum term of 24 months
TAY	Transition Age Youth	Youth and young people ages 14-26 ish transitioning into adulthood

ES	Emergency Shelter	An emergency shelter is a place that provides temporary housing and support services to people who are homeless or in need. Emergency shelters may also be called interim housing
DWS	Division of Workforce Services	DWS serves hundreds of thousands of Utahns from various backgrounds with different types of needs. Through various divisions, they make a difference in the lives of many through temporary assistance and services for employment, child care, low-income families, refugees, individuals with disabilities, affordable housing and homelessness.
		In addition, they support the economic stability of Utah by providing support to businesses by connecting them to qualified candidates and managing unemployment insurance. DWS is also the source of economic data and research on Utah's economy. Explore each of our The United States Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) is a cabinet-level executive branch department of the U.S. federal
DHHS	Department of Health and Human Services	government created to protect the health of the U.S. people and providing essential human services. Its motto is "Improving the health, safety, and well-being of America".[
DCFS	Department of Child and Family Services	State Child Welfare Agency that oversees Child Protection Services (CPS), Foster care, etc
PWCA	Public Child Welfare Agencies	Public child welfare agencies, such as the Utah Division of Child and Family Services (DCFS), are responsible for protecting children from abuse and neglect.
JJS/DJJYS	Juvenile Justice Services/ Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services	
ACF	Administration for Children & Families	
T&TA	Training and Technical Assistance	
PSH	Permanent Supportive Housing	

		A central requirement of YHDP is that each selected community develops a coordinated community plan (CCP) to prevent and end youth homelessness. The YHDP process includes an initial planning period to develop the CCP, coupled with a significant level of HUD technical assistance. The CCP process is a youth-led, cross-system, community driven approach to addressing youth homelessness. The planning process is expected to lay the groundwork for YHDP project
ССР	Coordinated Community Plan	implementation and provide a framework for the various projects that the Continuum of Care (CoC) Collaborative Applicant will request HUD to fund within the selected community. Below is a list of YHDP-funded communities and links to their CCPs.
		Note that communities may update their CCPs at any time during the demonstration. They are required to revise the CCP if they
PLE	Person with Lived Experience	change proiect models or funding allocations. If a community revises A person with lived experience is someone who has firsthand experience with a social, health, or other issue.
LEX	Lived Expert, Lived Expertise	Kind of interchangable name for our folks with lived experience using our knowledge and perspective to help improve systems, research, and programs etc
PIT	Point In Time (PIT Count)	The Point-in-Time (PIT) Count is a count of sheltered and unsheltered people experiencing homelessness on a single night in January. HUD requires that CoCs conduct an annual count of people experiencing homelessness who are sheltered in emergency shelter, transitional housing, and Safe Havens on a single night. CoCs also must conduct a count of unsheltered people experiencing homelessness every other year (odd numbered years). Each count is planned, coordinated, and carried out locally. Data for the PIT count and HIC are submitted to HUD via the online data submission Homelessness Data Exchange (HDX). New users of the HDX should view the HUD HDX Training Modules, a series of six user-friendly HDX training modules to help communities use the
		HDX and gain the most out of their data.

		FSHO made changes to the assistance provided to youth eligible for the Family Unification Program (FUP). FUP provides housing vouchers to eligible youth between ages 18-24 who have left foster care, or will leave foster care within 90 days, and are homeless or at risk of becoming homeless at age 16 or older. This assistance is timelimited for 36 months.
FSHO	Fostering Stable Housing Opportunities	The newly enacted FSHO provides an extension of the assistance provided to eligible youth for up to 2 years beyond the 36-month time limit if the youth is participating in a Family Self-Sufficiency (FSS) program and for youth who are unable to enroll in an FSS program who engaged in education, workforce development, or employment activities for at least 9 months of the 12-month period preceding the extension. FSHO also provides an extension for youth with a child under the age of 6: is regularly and actively participating Rapid re-housing provides short-term rental assistance and services. The goals are to help people obtain housing quickly, increase self-
RRH	Rapid Re Housing (Housing Voucher)	sufficiency, and stay housed. It is offered without preconditions (such as employment, income, absence of criminal record, or sobriety) and the resources and services provided are typically tailored to the needs
RRC	Rand and Review Committee	the resources and services provided are typically tallored to the needs
RHY	Runaway and Homelessness Youth Act	The Runaway and Homeless Youth Act authorizes community-based runaway and homeless youth projects to provide temporary shelter and care to runaway or otherwise homeless youth who are in need of
TH-RRH	Joint Transitional Housing - Rapid Rehousing	temporary shelter, counseling, and aftercare services.
RFP	Request for Proposal	A request for proposal (RFP) is a formal document that a company issues to solicit bids for a project. It's a way to encourage competition and get a variety of proposals for a project
PYD	Positive Youth Development	
PWLE	Person with Lived Experience (of homelessness)	
PRN	Pro Rata Need	
PIH	Public and Indian Housing (Office within HUD)	
PHA	Public Housing Authority	

MOU	Memorandum of Understanding	A memorandum of understanding (MOU) is a non-binding agreement between parties that outlines their intentions and goals. It can also be called a letter of intent (LOI) or memorandum of
PDP	Prevention Demonstration Project	
PBV	Project Based Voucher	
PBRA	Project Based Rental Assistance	
OMB	Office of Management and Budget	
OAP	Older Adult Partner	Kevin & Mina!
CPD	The Office of Community Planning and Development (HUD office)	The Office of Community Planning and Development (CPD) seeks to develop viable communities by promoting integrated approaches that provide decent housing, a suitable living environment, and expand economic opportunities for low and moderate income persons. The primary means towards this end is the development of partnerships among all levels of government and the private sector, including for-profit and non-profit organizations.
TBRA or TRA	Tenant Based Rental Assistance	flexible programs that provide assistance to individual households to help them afford the housing costs of market-rate units. These programs are known as "Tenant-Based Rental Assistance," or TBRA. The level of TBRA subsidy varies—the level of subsidy is based upon the income of the household, the particular unit the household selects, and the rent standard
Con Plan	Consolidated Plan	
CH	Crisis Housing	

		Coordinated entry is an important process through which people
		experiencing or at risk of experiencing homelessness can access the
		crisis response system in a streamlined way, have their strengths and
		needs quickly assessed, and quickly connect to appropriate, tailored
		housing and mainstream services within the community or
CE or CES	Coordinated Entry or Coordinated Entry System	designated region. Standardized assessment tools and practices used
CE OI CES	Coordinated Entry of Coordinated Entry System	within local coordinated assessment processes take into account the
		unique needs of children and their families as well as youth. When
		possible, the assessment provides the ability for households to gain
		access to the best options to address their needs, incorporating
		participants' choice, rather than being evaluated for a single program
		within the system. The most intensive interventions are prioritized for
		Domestic violence is a pattern of abusive behavior in any relationship
		that is used by one partner to gain or maintain power and control
	Domestic Violence	over another intimate partner. Domestic violence can be physical,
DV		sexual, emotional, economic, psychological, or technological actions
DV	Domestic violence	or threats of actions or other patterns of coercive behavior that
		influence another person within an intimate partner relationship. This
		includes any behaviors that intimidate, manipulate, humiliate, isolate,
		frighten, terrorize, coerce, threaten, blame, hurt, injure, or wound
NOFO	Notice of Funding Opportunity (term commonly used	
11010	by HUD)	
NOFA	Notice of Funding Availability	
Super NOFA	HUD's consolidated approach to issuance of Notices of	
	Funding Availability	
CQI	Continuous Quality Improvement	
YHSI	Youth Homeless Supplemental I	
YHSI	Youth Homeless Systems Improvement	
SRO	Single Room Occupancy	
SRA	Sponsor-Based Rental Assistance	
SHP	Supportive Housing Plan	
NN4Y	National Network 4 Youth	
NCHE	National Center for Homeless Education	
MTL	Mountainland	

MI	Motivational Interviewing	
MGH	Maternity Group Homes	
S+C	Shelter Plus Care	
LHC	Local Homelessness Council	
RHSP	Rural Housing Stability Program	
USICH	United States Interagency Council on Homelessness	The United States Interagency Council on Homelessness (USICH) is an independent federal agency within the U.S. executive branch that leads the implementation of the federal strategic plan to prevent and end homelessness. USICH is advised by a Council, which includes the heads of its 20 federal member agencies.
TG	Task Group	
JPO	Juvenile Probation	
IEP	Individualized Education Program	
IDIS	Integrated Disbursement and Information System	
HRE	Homelessness Resource Exchange	
HIC	Housing Inventory Count	The Housing Inventory Count (HIC) is a point-in-time inventory of provider programs within a CoC that provide beds and units dedicated to serve people experiencing homelessness (and, for permanent housing projects, where homeless at entry, per the HUD homeless definition), categorized by five Program Types: Emergency Shelter; Transitional Housing; Rapid Re-housing; Safe Haven; and
HQS	Housing Quality Standards	
HPRP	Homeless Prevention and Rapid Re-Housing Program	
HP	Homeless Prevention	
HOPWA	Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS	
HOP	Homeless Outreach Program (VOA)	
FTE	Full Time Employee	
FMR	Fair Market Rent	The Public Housing Authority determines a payment standard that is between 90 percent and 110 percent of the Fair Market Rents (FMRs). FMRs regularly published by HUD, represent the cost to rent a moderately-priced dwelling unit in the local housing market. The housing voucher tenant must pay 30 percent of its monthly adjusted gross income for rent and utilities, and if the unit rent is greater than the payment standard, the tenant is required to pay the additional

FAFSA	FAFSA- Free Application for Federal Student Aid	
ESG	Emergency Solutions Grant (new with Hearth)	Emergency Shelter Grant (previous program name)
Data Warehouse	Information system storing program and operational	
BOS	Balance of State	
BNL	By Name List	
ARD	Annual Renewal Demand	
APR	Annual Performance Report	
AHAR	Annual Homeless Assessment Report	
AFFH	Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing	
SSO	Supportive Services Only	
YARH	Youth at Risk of Homelessness	The status "at risk" of homelessness applies to ESG grant recipients and any CoC recipient carrying out homeless prevention activities. This should not be confused with "imminent risk" of homelessness (Category 2) status for CoC grant recipients.
TTP	Total Tennant Portion	
BR	Base Rent	
LITC	Low Income Tax Credit	